INDIANAPOLIS, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 1, 1901.

PRICE 2 CENTS EVERYWHERE.

OW IT WAS WELCOMED IN THE CAPITALS OF EUROPE.

Esual New Year's Eve Scenes in the Streets of London and Celebrations in Continental Cities.

AUSTRALIAN FEDERATION NOW AN ACCOMPLISHED FACT.

Union o' Britain's Faraway Colonies Celeb ated at Sydney, Where a Gr at Throng Is Gathered.

SAID BY POPE LEO

HIS PRIVATE CHAPEL.

ference to the United States in New Year Editorials of the Press of Britain's Metropolis.

YEAR LIST OF HONORS

DON TELEGRAPH MAN'S INTER-VIEW WITH M'KINLEY.

ighthood Conferred on Hiram S. naim and Sir Alfred Milner Decorated by Victoria.

LONDON, Jan. 1, 1901 (Twentieth Century.)-The celebrations attending the feath of the old year and the birth of the w followed the usual course in London. tere was a great gathering of Scots outle St. Paul's Cathedral, where they sang uld Lang Syne" at midnight. Watchght services were held in all the re-

gious edifices. t 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, which as equivalent to midnight in Australia. e lord mayor hoisted the Australian flag er the Mansion House as a sign that Australian commonwealth was born. legrams from the various European tals tell of illuminations, fetes and r celebrations in honor of the New . At Rome the Pope celebrated midt mass in his private chapel. Cardinal polli, papal secretary of state, celeed at St. Peter's Cathedral, where there

wer a hugo crowd, in spite of the rain. in London interest is divided between Australian federation and the appeal of th Princess of Wales for help for the familles of those gone to war, which, although If the other reference is made to the matter reminds the public of the grim realities in South Africa.

Most of the editorials, in dealing with A stralian federation, refer to the United S. tes. The Standard says: "The event marks a new epoch, ranking with the union colonies, which formed the United ates. Already there are more people of nglish origin in Australia than there ere in the American colonies at the time of the Declaration of Independence, and he territory is larger than the United States, with all the requisites of national wealth, strength and greatness."

The Washingon correspondent of the Daily Telegraph wires an interview with British public. It was hoped he would an-President McKinley, in the course of which | nounce the capture of General De Wet, but he expressed a wish that the United he has nothing to say regarding that States and Great Britain might continue elusive Boer. Instead, he sends further den amity during the next century. Mr. Mc- | tails of the disaster at Helvetia, reporting Kinley, according to the correspondent, the loss of a 4.7-centimeter gun, in addition aid he hoped for the acceptance of the to the 250 members of the Liverpool Regiamended Hay-Pauncefote treaty and expected to see the Nicaragua canal commenced thoroughly in his second term of

Queen Victoria's new year's honor list includes the names of Hiram S. Maxim. born in Maine, and who is the inventor of the automatic system of fire arms. He is knighted. Sir Alfred Milner, the administrator of South Africa, is made a knight Grand Cross of the Bath; Colonel Kitson, formerly commanding at Kingston College, and Lieutenant Colonel Irwin, secretary of the Canadian patriotic fund, are made companions of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, and Sir Samuel Grifth is made a privy councillor. In addi-

prominent in the federation, who have received minor orders. Colonel Jekyll, secretary of the British commission at the Paris exposition, is made a knight commander of St. Michael and St. George; live Bingham, an atache of the Peking egation, and C. W. Campbell, vice consulat Shanghai, who both served with Vice Admiral Seymour's relief column, are made companions of St. Michael and St. George, as are several other British consuls in China. No peers are created and only a few persons are made baronets or knights.

ion there is a long list of Australians,

On the whole it is an uninteresting list. with the exception of the foregoing. Edmund Barton, formerly attorney general of New South Wales, is also made a privy councilor. According to a dispatch received from Sidney, N. S. W., under date of Dec. 25. Mr. Barton had accepted the Earl of Honetoun's offer to form the first Cabinet of the Australian federation. He had been the leader of the federal convention. The Earl of Hopetoun first offered the impo. int post of premier in the new Australian commonwealth to Sir William Lyne,

and was much criticised for so doing. Sir Villiam, however, declined. Mr. Barton, unlike Sir William Lyne, is a very popular politician. He is a native of Australia, having been born in Sydney in 18tf. He was educated at Sydney University and b .ame a barrister in 1871. From 1883 to 1887 he was speaker of the Legis-Assembly of New South Wales and ev general in 1889 and 1891.

rough Mr. Barton's exertions lization of Australia has He was a leader of the start, ten years ago. ent part in all the resulted in the

William, the impers. 02 es and the courtlers. The gifts consist of sausages of peculiar shape, eggs and the like. The members of the deputation will remain here for ten days and will be entertained at the Kaiser's expense at Berlin Castle. His Majesty will give them tickets to the royal | MARK THE BEGINNING OF THE CEN-

REJOICING IN AUSTRALIA.

New Century, New Year and New Era of Federation-American Arch.

century, and with it the new era of federation, were ushered in for Australia with every sign of public rejolcing. This city BIRTH OF NEW COMMONWEALTH is overflowing with visitors to such an extent that many have to be accommodated on passenger steamers in the harbor. The streets were alive with people last evening, and when midnight struck bells pealed and cannon boomed a welcome to the birthday of United Australasia. To-day was a public holiday, and business has been practically suspended for a week to come.

> scheme of triumphal arches along the route of to-day's procession from Government to Centennial Park for the inauguration, which it is estimated will be witnessed by 500,000 people. The cortege will be of enormous length and will pass under the most elaborate series of arches, trades and industries, as well as the various nationalities. The American arch, which is a distinct feature, is of imposing design. It is surmounted by a colossal eagle and bears the mottoes "The United States Greets United Australasia" and "Hail to the New-born Commonwealth." The Earl of Hopetoun, the Governor General, will be sworn in at a pavilion in Cenennial Park, a very elegant affair in pure white, upon which are emblazoned the names of the federating colonies. Numerous patriotic fetes have been arranged for the

COUNTY ASKED TO PAY \$5,000.

Damages Demanded for the Killing of a Child by Rioters.

AKRON, O., Dec. 31 .- The first suit for John McDavidson, whose three-year-old daughter was killed in her mother's arms through the crowd around the city building, sued the city for \$5,000 damages.

Andrew Halter, a prominent politician, who pleaded guilty to participating in the riot, was to-day fined \$50 and costs.

DETAILS OF THE BOER ATTACK ON THE HELVETIA GARRISON.

2:30 a. m., and a Cannon and Two Hundred Prisoners Captured.

SHARP ENGAGEMENT

WHEN THE BOERS USED PRISONERS

AS A SHIELD FOR THE GUN.

British Casualties, as Reported by Kitchener, Were 11 Men Killed and

LONDON, Jan. 1, 1901 (Twentieth Century.) - General Kitchener's New Year's greeting is not what was desired by the message, dated Pretoria, Dec. 30, reads: around the gun and got away eventually No ammunition belonging to the gun was captured. The casualties were four of-

Lord Kitchener, in another dispatch to the War Office, dated Pretoria, Dec. 31

"A small portion of the enemy's force which entered the colony to the east broke away in a southwesterly direction an crossed the railway at a point between Bangor and Sherborne. They did some damage to the railway. The column under Williams will be in touch with this

"The force which entered the Colony to the west passed the road from Carnavon to Victoria West at 7 o'clock yesterday morning. They were going south, and were closely followed by Thorneycroft and De Lisle. Very few recruits from the colony joined the enemy. Hertzogs's men are al-

ready dropping their worn horses." It is now ascertained that the Boers who trekked westward from Vryburg and who were supposed to be going to Damaraland, are making for the Prieska district of

Cape Colony. A dispatch from Craddock says: 'The Boers burned an empty goods train near Rosmead Junction. The authorities at Rosmead have sent the women and chiloren away to Craddock. It is reported

is making toward Middelburg." The Cape government has called on th lovalists in twenty-seven districts, in cluding Cape Town, to assist the military

The Boers have now reached a point half way between the Orange river and Cape London press, the government announcement at Cape Town shows how seriously thing that really touches the British publle is the loss of a big naval gun. The Times to-day, however, draws attention to what might prove a serious danger, name ly, the possibility of another outbreak of

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COL. 6.)

TURY IN AMERICAN CITIES.

Pyrotechnic Display at New York, Where Bombs Were Exploded and Van Wyck's Face Outlined.

OF TRINITY PEALED

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PEOPLE MASSED IN CITY HALL SQUARE.

Dinner at Which the Workingmen of New York Gave a Greeting to the Twentieth Century.

EDWIN MARKHAM AT IT AGAIN

"A CENTURY POEM" BY THE AUTHOR OF "THE MAN WITH THE HOE."

Quiet Evening by President McKinley -Mass Celebrated in the Churches -Much Noise at Chicago.

producing novel effects, and then a gigantic portrait of Mayor Van Wyck was shown in

Famous Trinity Church and its chimes were magnates for the hosts of people in this city who flocked into Broadway. All the avenues lead to the historic spot. From over the bridges came thousands. The ferries from Long island and Jersey were crowded with those who were intent on hearing the chimes. No services took place in the church, as it would have been entirely inadequate to hold a part of the MILITARY RAIDS throng in the streets near by.

At 11:30 the first peals of the grand old bers, in all, were given at brief intervals. instruments in the streets became so great that the meeting was adjourned.

It is estimated that there were 100,000 people massed in the City Hall square to hear the bands play, the choruses sing, a display of fireworks, and watch the crowds LATER | go by in their efforts to get to Trinity Church and hear the chimes.

MARKHAM AT IT AGAIN.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.-A dinner was given to-night at Arlington Hall, Nos. 19 and 23 St. Mark's place, under the auspices of the workingmen of New York and was called 'Labor's greeting to the twentieth century." It was projected by the committee of 100, which was organized to call a convention on Jan. 14 next in Cooper Union to establish in New York city a federation or council of delegates from labor and reform socieities, which shall demand that legislators frame the will of the people on matters of the tenement house problem, sweatshop system, etc.

. Boulton; "Industrial Peace," "The City of New York," Bird S. Coler;

"We stand here at the end of mighty years, And a great wonder rushes on the heart. While cities rose and blossomed into dust. While shadowy lines of kings were blown What was the purpose brooding on the

Through the large leisure of the centuries? And what the end-failure or victory? "Lo! man has laid his scepter on the stars, And sent his spell upon the continents. The heavens confess their secrets, and the

Silent as God, publish their mystery. Man calls the lightnings from their secret To crumble up the spaces of the world. And snatch the jewels from the flying

The wild white smoking horses of the sea Are startled by his thunders; the world-Crowd round to be the lackeys of the king.

The law that was made before the worlds -before That far first whisper on the ancient deep. The law that swings Areturus on the

And hurls the soul of man upon the way But what avail, O builders of the world Unless ye build a safety for the soul? Man has put harness on leviathan. And hooks in his incorrigible jaws: And yet the perils of the street remain.

But hark, the bugles blowing on the And hark! a murmur as of many feet, The cry of captains, the divine alarm: Look! the last son of Time comes hurry

ing on.

The strong young Titan of Democracy. With swinging step he takes the open road in love with the winds that beat his hairy Saring his sunburnt strength to all the

He casts his eyes around with Jovian glance-Searches the tracks of old tradition, scans With rebel heart the books of pedigree; Peers into the face of Privilege and cries, Why are you halting in the path of man Is it your shoulder bears the human load? Do you draw down the rains of the sweet And keep the green things growing? Back

'We know at last the future is secure: God is descending from eternity. And all things, good and evil, build the

Yes, down in the thick of things, the men of greed Are thumping the inhospitable clay.

IND By wondrous tolls the men without the Are laying the foundations of the dream, The kingdom of fraternity foretold."

AT WASHINGTON.

Quiet Evening at the White House-Hugh Mass in Catholic Churches.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31 -- In accordance with directions given by Pope Leo, the closing of the nineteenth and the beginning solemn high mass in all the Catholic churches of the city, the services beginning at midnight. At St. Patrick's Church, Monsignor Martinelli, the papal delegate, celebrated high mass. Rev. Dr. Rooker, the secretary of the papal legation, delivered the sermon. At St. Paul's Catholic Church, Monsignor Conaty, the rector of the Catholic University, preached the serof the New Century."

Baron Hengelmuller, the Austrian minister, gave a large dinner party at his house to-night, at which a number of the diploguests. At other legations and embassies there were festivities appropriate to the occasion.

President McKinley witnessed the arrival of the New Year in a quiet way. He finished the usual evening business which Secretary Cortelyou had prepared for his consideration some time before 12 o'clock. Then with Mr. Cortelyou and Mr. Abner McKinley, the President awaited the hour of midnight in the Cabinet room and when that time arrived exchanged the felicitations of the occasion with his companions. Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley arrived this evening and are staying at the White House as the guests of the President. They came to attend the New Year's reception.

How Buffalo Celebrated.

BUFFALO, Dec. 31 .- The advent of the twentieth century, the celebration of the one-hundredth year of the existence of Buffalo and a demonstration of enthusiasm for the coming Pan-American ex-(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COL. 5.)

TRUCE ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN PROCLAIMED AT PEKING.

Probably a Simple Order Directing Suspension of Count Von Waldersee's Punitive Expeditions.

ANNOYING

MERELY RESULTED IN EMBITTER-ING NATIVES OF CHINA.

Cablegram from Minister Conger Confirming the Report that Joint Note Had Been Accepted.

LONDON, Jan. 1, 1901. (Twentieth century)-Following the announcement that the Chinese Emperor had decided to accept the terms of the joint note presented by the representatives of the powers, comes the report from Peking that an armistice has been proclaimed. If this be true there will be an end of Count Von Waldersee's arranging punitive expedithe anti-foreign sentiment throughout China. The last report from Waldersee was received at Berlin yesterday in a dis

"The Chinese who fled south were pursued by Iriost's squadron to So-Kien, 160 kilometers southwest of Peking where the Chinese scattered. Grueber's column seized great quantities of munitions, quick firing and Krupp guns, etc., at Si-Nan-Chen, twenty-one kilometers east of Pao-Tin-Hsien, which had been abandoned by he fleeing Chinese.'

The Havas agency, at Paris, has received the following dispatch from Peking: "A mustering of regulars and Boxthe railway between Peking and Pao-Ting-Fa. The French and German posts have Tcheng-Ting-Fu by several thousand regulars, and General Bailloud has gone to

the rescue." According to a special dispatch from Peking General Sir Alfred Gaselee, commander of the British forces in China, is seriously ill.

OFFICIALS PUZZLED.

Cannot Account for the Proclamation

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.-The officials here are puzzled to account for the announcement of the armistice before the Chinese answer which asked for it, had been received by the ministers at Peking. for they assume that the answer was not received until last night. However, it is suggested that the rather vigorous expressions of dissatisfaction by some of the powers at the prosecution of these military raids on Chinese who are showng no disposition to attack foreigners may have had some effect at last. The State Department has sent a strong instruction to Minister Conger directly in line with the Chinese request for a suspension of military excursions. It is not an "armistice" technically speaking, that is ooked for now, but merely a suspension of military activity. Were the powers formally to consent to an "armistice" they thereby would commit themselves to recognition of the existence of actual war with China, and there are strong reasons why such a committal should be avoided

The State Department has received dispatch from Minister Conger, dated Dec. 30, announcing that the Chinese plentipotentiaries have notified the representatives of the powers that the Emperor decrees the acceptance of their demands as whole, and Prince Ching requests further conference. They also desire that military excursions to the interior should cease. It is well known that this last request is in accordance with the views of the President. In diplomatic quarters the acceptance given by the Chinese envoys is regarded as a most ingenious stroke of diplomacy. Among diplomatic officials it is said this is not an unconditional acceptance, although it is such a concurrence in the general principle of the note that the powers cannot well set it aside. It appears to be directed toward reopening the word "irrevecable," and securing more definite, and, if possible, more moderate conditions on some of the points involved. It is not clear whether the envoys will sign the note first, and then ask for ne-

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COL. 6.)

DAY AND NIGHT SESSIONS MAY BE HELD TILL MARCH 4.

of the twentieth century was observed with | Republicans Determined to Pass the Army and Other Bills Despite Threats of Filibusters.

ALLEN.

mon, his topic being "Christ, the Salvation | CHAMPION OBSTRUCTORS AND POP-OCRATIC WIND BAGS,

matic corps of continental Europe were To Be Given Rope Until They Grow Weary and Consent to a Vote on the Measures.

BOND REFUNDING OPERATIONS

INTEREST ACCOUNT.

Assistant Secretary Vanderlip's Statement-Lawshe's Report on Cuban Frauds May Be Withheld.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 31 .- Although many erable exchange of opinion as to methods to be pursued during the rest of the session of Congress to prevent filibustering by a small coterie of senators who have been threatening to block certain bills the Republicans are desirous of passing. Three senators, especially, Pettigrew of South Dakota, Allen of Nebraska, and Butler of North Carolina, have announced their intention to filibuster against the shipping bill, the army bill and, perhaps, one or two others, and only allow the regular appropriation bills to became law. These senators have been relying on the support of the Democratic side of the Senate. They have proposed to obstruct the shipping bill by prolonging the fight over the army reorganization bill so that appropriation bills which always have the right of way, would fill out the rest of the session. But within the last two or three days a change has come over the Democratic senators, and the three obstructionists may find they will not have

their support. The Republicans, depending on the neutrality of the Democrats, have been endeavoring to arrange to tire out the filibusters and reach a vote on the threatened measures. The plan is for the Republican steering committee to meet Thursday or Friday and arrange for double sessions of the Senate, that is, to meet early in the morning, continue in session until 5 or 6 o'clock, and then take a recess and reassemble for night

sessions, and to continue these until the three obstructionists are worn out and consent to a vote on the bill under consideration. If the Democrats refuse to join in the filibuster, it will devolve on the three senators named to be ever ready tions, which have done much to intensify to talk, and if they are not, then a time can be set for a vote. The Senate has always heretofore found the night sessions successful in breaking down a filibuster, and if only four or five senators try to prevent a vote on either the army or subsidy bill they will soon become physically unable to keep up the contest.

BOOKS CLOSED.

Bond Refunding Operations of the

Treasury Successfully Concluded. WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.-Refunding operations under the financial act of March 14 last, closed to-day, the books of the department having been open to the exchange of bonds for a period of nine and | "The church has fallen upon evil tir one-half months. In discussing the subject to-day, Assistant Secretary Vanderlip

"The refunding has been successful from every standpoint. Holders' of the bonds, threes, fours and fives, of 1908, 1907 and 1904, respectively, have voluntarily offered for exchange into twos approximately \$439,000,000 out of \$839,000,000, leaving outstanding of this part of the interestbearing debt less than one-half the amount subject to the law. Exact figures will not be known for several days, as some bonds are still in transit. The net saving to the government of interest by these transactions is substantially \$10,700. This saving has been accomplished by the payment now of the sum of \$42. 200,000, which is really an anticipation of \$52,900,000 interest which would have had to be paid within the next eight years in case the old bonds were permitted to run for maturity. The difference is the

"The four per cents, of 1907 have been exchanged in greater amount than any other class, their total up to Dec. 29 being \$264. 000,000. Of the three per cents. of 1908 \$96,000,000 were exchanged, and of the five per cents, of 1904, \$70,500,000. "The secretary of the treasury still has

authority under the law to resume refunding should he deem it proper to do so Whether or not refunding will be resumed depends largely upon whether the interest of the treasury seems to require it at any time in the future. "The public debt is now in far better condition for retirement than ever before. It may well be doubted whether the treasury within the next eight years, during

which the bonds subject to refundmen

were to mature, could have discharged that

total indebtedness of \$839,000,000. The pres-

ent sinking fund requirements are sub-

stantially \$50,000,000 a year and the retire

ment of the public debt can be more easily accomplished at the rate of \$50,000,000 for each of the next eight years than if the secretary of the treasury had been confronted with the problem of disposing of an average of \$100,000,000 a year. "The success of the operation is due mainly to two causes, one being a wellfortified treasury, and therefore magnificent public credit; the other and less sentimental reason being the greater ad vantage which the new two per cent. con sols offer to national banks as a basis for the security of circulating notes. The banks of the country have exchanged \$261.

960,000 of the old bonds for the new one while individual holders have exchanged \$168,771,000. "The department has taken pains to con duct the refunding operations promptly and no delays have been encountered by presenting bonds for exchange Checks have been forwarded daily for premiums paid.

"There is another feature of the opera-

tions of the financial act which merits attention and that is the effect of the law on national banks. From March 14 to date 395 new banks have been organized, of which 280 were with a capital of less than \$50,000 and 115 with a capital over that amount. The aggregate capital of the former class was \$7,372,000, and of the latter 12.850,000, a total addition to banking captal of \$20,022,000. Bank note circulation I the meantime has increased by the sum of \$85,293,000. The department is gratified to note that the principal increase in the smaller class | he

Southwestern States, sections which here-tofore were unable to accept the benefits of the national bank system owing to its

It May Be Withheld from the Public Until Neely Is Tried.

the Senate the report of Abraham L. BUTLER statement of his opinion that its publiof the discoveries made by Auditor Lawshe Cuban affairs, and the secretary of war regards it as inadvisable to publish to the world the data upon which proceedings are based, pending their judicial deter-

be prejudicial to the public interests.

The Cubau Extradition Case. WASHINGTON. Dec. 31 .- The War Dement's control of Cuba. It is deemed well, THE APPOINTMENTS ALL OF THE tain Governor Pingree's demand. It is re- Highest Class of Citizenship Rep-(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COL. 4.)

FATHER OSBORNE THINKS TRINITY

CHURCH WAS DESECRATED.

cause a Unitarian Conducted the Funeral of Ex-Gov. Wolcott.

EVIL IN MIDNIGHT SERVICES

CAUSE MUCH SENSUAL EXCITEMENT, THE REV. OSBORNE SAYS.

Ministers and Laymen Preparing for a Gospel Campaign-Twentieth Century Exercises.

the Evangelist, who represents the high church wing of the Episcopal body, has of rector of Trinity Church in permitting the pastor of King's Chapel, a Unitarian Church, to conduct the funeral of ex-Governor Wolcott in Trinity, last Monday. The congregation yesterday, have caused much

as if history were repeating itself and the lays of Arius might come back, if, indeed they have not come already. It was with shame and sorrow that Catholic Christians heard that on last Monday, in the largest church in Boston, dedicated to the worship of the Lord Jesus Christ, one who lenies the Lord was permitted to hold a religious service in that church, because the priest who was in charge of it was not faithful to his trust. However great the occasion of those present might be, it was an act of profanation. It is of no use shutting our eyes to it. With sorrow, indignation and righteous anger, and with shame that such a thing should be possible we have to admit it. There is little use in going to the public papers about it, but as Christians we may pray. And the one thing needed most now is that many of the clergy may be converted to the faith, and that those who hold the faith may not fall

"People should pray for the church i Massachusetts, and pray with hope. It is God's church, and even if all Massachusetts, or all the Eastern States, lost the faith, the church would not be lost; those are not the whole church; in the South and West it would still live and proclaim

rangements for New Year's service, sal that there would be no midnight service on New Year's eve, as he and his brother clergy considered such services as an unmixed evil. They were founded on mere sentiment, so it was declared, and were cause of much sensual excitement. "It is not good for young people to be out on the street in the middle of the night," he

GOSPEL CAMPAIGN.

Preachers and Laymen Urge a War in the Interest of Christ.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31 .- Over two hundred ministers and prominent laymen attended the meeting to-day held in the Twentyof banks is throughout the Western and (CONTINUED ON PAGE & COL. 6.)

THE MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE DED-ICATED TO USE.

Just at Dawn of the Twen-

GATHERING OF NOTABLES

THRONGED WITH MEMBERS.

Three Hundred Prominent Men of

AMONG THEM A FORMER PRESIDENT

AND INDIANA SENATORS.

The Dedicatory Ceremonies Pregnant with the Spirit of Indiana's Ex-

alted Position.

FINEST CHARACTER.

resented-The Affair in Detail.

The first banquet given by the Columbia were an ex-President of the United States, are known the world ever, assembled to

honor and participate in the event. The banquet, while elaborate, was com-

vantage. As early as 7 o'clock carriages began to roll up in front of the magnificent entrance way of the club and before 8 o'clock. the hour set for the banquet, the vestibule was completely congested. Never before had the palatial clubhouse looked so royally magnificent. Many of the guests of the evening had never before looked upon the finished splendors of their new club home, and while awaiting the summons to the banqueting hall they wandered from room to room, gazing in admiration upon the

where present. STRAINS OF MUSIC. looked like a queen's palace, and the beautifully decorated tables groaned under their burden of cut glass,

president of the club, Hugh H. Hanna, Stutesman, Hon, Jesse Overstreet, A. L. McLain, Dr. Henry Jameson, I. S. Gordon, W. H. H. Miller, John S. Lazarus, General Lew Wallace, Bishop Francis, Judge John H. Baker, Edward Daniels, Dr. F. W. Hays and Thomas B. Arnold. Only two hundred and sixty covers were laid in the main dining hall and many of the guests had to be served in the smaller rooms

opening out of it. THE MENU. The menu which was elaborately served

was as follows: Blue Points. Celery. Manhattan Cocktail. Consomme en Tasse. Salted Almonds. Sauterne. Lobster Newburg en Calsse. Fillet of Beef, Larded, Cheron

Roast Quall, au Cresson, Lettuce and Tomato Salad. Brandy Biscuit Glace. Requefort Cheese. Togsted Crackers.

Cafe Noir White Rock Lithia. Cigars. During the banquet Hart's Orchestra ren-

Forever March." Lacalle: "The Merry War Waltz." Strauss; "Medley of Popular Airs, Hart; selections from "The Singing Girl," Herbert; "The Troopers' Review March. Tyres; "The Runaway Girl Waltzes," Kieert; "The Man Behind the Gun,"

The service of the menu occupied the greater part of two hours and it was mearly 10 o'clock before the formal dedicatory programme was begun. Mr. John B. held. Every minister should be an evangel- Cockrum, president of the club, acted as toastmaster, and introduced the speakers

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Jan. 1 .- The new

The city is decorated with unprecedented lavishness, a striking feature being a WHO CELEBRATED AT MIDNIGHT IN representing the colonies and the various

damages growing out of the riot of Aug. 22 last, was filed in the courts here to-day. while the family were driving in a carriage

British Surprised by the Enemy at

4 Officers and 22 Men Wounded.

he reported on Sunday. Lord Kitchener's "The post at Helvetia was surprised at 2:30 a. m., the enemy first rushing a 4.7 gun. At dawn the officer commanding the post at Swartzkopje sent out a patrol and shelled the enemy out of Helvetia, making them abandon the gun temporarily. The Boers, however, formed our prisoners

ficers wounded and eleven men killed and twenty-two wounded. A column was sent out from Machadodorp, but owing to bad roads it falled to arrive in time."

9:35 a. m., says:

that a commando has crossed the line and

tion from the enteric fever among the soldiers, worn

NEW YORK, Dec. 31 .- The birth of the new year and the twentieth century was celebrated here with noise and pyrotechnic displays, church services and banquets, dancing and singing. As the last minute of the old century passed forty bombs were exploded in City Hall Park, and as the clock pointed to midnight there was an illumination in scarlet and emerald. This was followed by a variety of bombshells,

bells were heard. The concerto in "Rondo" was the opening selection. Fourteen num-There was an interesting celebration at the City Hall, earlier in the evening, in the Council chamber. President Guggenheimer and Vice President Oakley made brief speeches, but the noise of horns and other

"A Century Poem" by the Author of "The Man with the Hoe."

The following names of speakers and toasts were at each place: Ernest H. Crosby, toastmaster; "The Triumph of Labor," John Swinton; "The New Federation," A. Potter: "The Hours of Labor," George E. McNeill: "The Right to Live," Henry George, jr.; "The Ideal of Citizenship." R. Fulton Cutting; "Legislation," John Ford; 'The People's Unity," Joseph Barondess;

'Labor's Needs," Michael A. Fitzgerald, and "A Century Poem," by Edwin Markham. The poem follows:

"His hand has torn the veil of the great

Out of the whirlwind of the cities rise Lean Hunger and the Worm of Misery. The heartbreak and the cry of mortal tears.

patch dated Peking, Dec. 29. Waldersce

ers is reported in the suburbs and along been doubled to avoid surprise. Colonel Guillet and 1,500 men are threatened near

of an Armistice at Peking.

AUDITOR LAWSHE'S REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—There is likely to be some delay on the part of the executive in complying with the terms of a resolution introduced by Senator Bacon, and adopted on the 19th inst., direct- Impressive Ceremonies Conducted ing the secretary of war to transmit to Lawshe, auditor of Cuba, giving in detail the result of his investigations, made under direction of the War Department, into the receipts and expenditures of the Cuban funds. Secretary Root has transmitted the report to President McKinley with a cation at this time would be "incompatible THE JPLENDID NEW CLUBHOUSE with the public interests." Several criminal prosecutions are under way as a result in connection with the administration of

mination. The situation raises an extremely interesting question, which is left for the decision of the President. The Senate, in unqualified terms, "directs" the secretary of war to transmit the Lawshe report to that body, and the secretary has referred ABOUT \$10,700,000 SAVED IN ANNUAL | the matter to the President with a statement that he does not think the resolution should be complied with at the present time, on the ground that such action would

partment has referred to the attorney general the application of Governor Pingree, of Michigan, for the extradition of Charles J. Thompson, now in Cuba, who is wanted in Detroit to answer to the charge of of the leading senators are spending the forgery. There is no case analogous to holidays at home, there has been consid- this in the history of the War Departtherefore, to have it determined by high authority before establishing a precedent. The officials of the War Department have no doubt that the attorney general will suscalled that on one occasion, when the Mexican government honored the request of the American military Governor of Cuba for the extradition of fugitives from the island who had escaped to Mexico, the Mexican government surrendered them on a promise by the United States government that it would reciprocate in case fugitive

Boston High Churchman Augry Be-

BOSTON, Dec. 31 .- Rev. Father Osborne, rector of the Mission Church of St. John declared himself strongly against the act

words of Father Osborne, uttered before his discussion. Father Osborne said:

the faith of Jesus Christ as God.' Father Osborne, in announcing the ar-

third-street branch of the Y. M. C. A., in response to the call issued by A. William Philips Hall, of this city, in order that the plans for the holding of the national gos pel campaign might be discussed and out lined, Mr. Hall presided, William R Moody, of East Northfield, Mass., a son of the late evangelist, said that the twenti eth century needed the gospel to heal the broken hearts, of which there were mil lions. All appreciated that need. At the present time all eyes were turned toward religion and there was greater need of its teaching than ever before. The most successful works of fiction of the present day, he said, were those discusing the works of Christ. People read them because they are interested. Mr. Moody applauded the idea of holding revival services in this city and advised that consecutive sessions be

tieth Century.

the State Assembled in the Banquet Hall.

HEARD DISTINGUISHED MEN

A LOOK AT THE BANQUET HALL

Club in its palatial new home passed with the closing century. It marked an epoch in the history of one of America's foremost social and political clubs. It was the consummation of an enterprise in which the members of the club have been engaged for several years. It was the occasion of the formal dedication of one of the most beautiful clubhouses in the United States, and more than three hundred of Indiana's foremost citizens, conspicuous among whom two United States senators, a number of well-known representatives, the Governor of the State, and men whose literary efforts

pletely forgotten in the literary feast which followed it, for the men who resnonded to the call of the toastmaster represented the flower of Indiana's oratory and without exception were never heard to better ad-

architectural beauties which were every-

The signal to enter the banquet hall was accompanied with the strains of sweet music which emanated from an orchestra secreted in one of the adjoining parlors. When the doors of the banquet hall were thrown open a scene of startling magnificence met the gaze of the delighted guests. Brilliantly lighted with its myraids of electric bulbs which gleamed and glowed and the intricately wrought candelabra

handsome silverware and beautiful cut flowers only served to heighten the effect. The first to be seated were those who gathered around the speaker's table, the list including the following: Ex-President Benjamin Harrison, Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, Senator Albert J. Beverlige, James Whitcomb Riley, John B. Cockrum, Governor James A. Mount, James F. Mason, Frank W. Morrison, secretary of the club, Walter Eastman, Harry B. Gates, Samuel B. Sweet, Fore Woods, Horace E. Smith, Clark E. Mallery, H. S. New, R. O. Hawkins, Charles L. Jewett, Chalmers Brown, Daniel M. Ransdell, Major Moses

Haricots Verts. Potatoes Duchesse. Champagne, G. H. Mumm's.

fered the following delightful musical programmer

"Welcome Overture," Catlin; "Peace

Down in Lovers' Lane, Cook; "The Coumbla Club March," Walker.